	Montgomery County Fire & Rescue	Drill: 18-11
	Monthly Basic Training	Month: November
	MBT	
	R.I.T. Pak III	
		Time All Topics Required: 120 Mins

PREPARATION:

EQUIPMENT:	Scott RIT Pak III Scott 5.5 SCBA with X3 harness and HT3000 Face Piece
APPARATUS/PERSONNEL:	Special service equipped with a RIT Pak III
SKILLS ASSESSED:	Identify the components of the Scott RIT Pak III and be able to execute any number of emergency SCBA procedures in an environment with minimal visibility.
REFERENCES:	Scott Safety RIT Pak III Orientation Video HERE Sling-Link® Video HERE Appendix I of the Incident Response Policy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section 5.a.6 • Section 7.f.9.iii

OBJECTIVES: By the end of this training, personnel will be able to:


- Identify the basic components of the RIT Pak III
 - High pressure side (and applicable components)
 - Low pressure side (and applicable components)
 - Indicator lights and associated meanings
- Identify the which MCFRS apparatus is equipped with the RIT Pak III
- Successfully mitigate a variety of SCBA emergencies utilizing the RIT Pak III
 - Out-of-Air/low air emergency
 - Regulator malfunction
 - Face piece failure
 - Pack Failure / Cylinder Compromise

BACKGROUND/SIGNIFICANCE:

- March 14, 2016 – Churubusco Lane Fire – sudden building collapse and SCBA emergency required immediate buddy-breathing for firefighters to escape the structure [Churubusco Report](#)
- Case Study – FF Runs out of air [Article](#)
- Another Look at RIT and the Mayday [Article](#)

LESSON PLAN:

- Review MCFRS video
- Review Policy and Procedure #24-01, Incident Response Policy (IRP) Appendix I
- Hands on review of equipment and its operation
- Review equipment usage in specific emergencies
- Practical skill session

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PRACTICAL SKILLS:

- One firefighter will simulate having a SCBA emergency using a Scott 5.5 X3 SCBA with a HT3000 face piece. A second firefighter rescuer will utilize the RIT Pak III to mitigate the following emergencies:
 - Low air alarm activation with no known exit and/or lost disoriented firefighter – Buddy breathing using low pressure manifold.
 - Low air alarm activation with no known exit and/or lost disoriented firefighter – Low pressure manifold to RIT Pak EBSS
 - Low air alarm activation with no known exit and/or lost disoriented firefighter – Transfill / UAC
 - Low air alarm activation with no known exit and/or lost disoriented firefighter – Regulator switch
 - Low air alarm activation with no known exit and/or lost disoriented firefighter – Face piece switch
- These drills should be completed in pairs with each team member alternating the rescuer and victim rolls.
- Drill difficulty should be increased with increased familiarity. The ultimate goal is to enable a firefighter rescuer to complete the objectives with no visibility.